

1 dismissed, and the firearms were forfeited. On February 19, 2008, this court sentenced Defendant
2 to 120 months imprisonment (the statutory maximum for the drug charge), plus five years of
3 supervised release.

4 On appeal, Defendant challenged this court's addition of two criminal history points and
5 determination that Defendant was ineligible for safety valve relief from the statutory minimum. On
6 March 9, 2009, the court of appeals affirmed, finding no error in this court's application of the
7 Sentencing Guidelines. On October 5, 2009, the Supreme Court denied Defendant's petition for a
8 writ of certiorari. On September 27, 2010, Defendant timely filed the instant motion under 28
9 U.S.C. § 2255 to vacate, set aside, or correct his sentence.

10 **II. Motion to Vacate**

11 Pursuant to § 2255, a prisoner may move the court to vacate, set aside, or correct a sentence
12 "upon the ground that the sentence was imposed in violation of the Constitution or laws of the
13 United States, or that the court was without jurisdiction to impose such sentence, or that the
14 sentence was in excess of the maximum authorized by law, or is otherwise subject to collateral
15 attack." 28 U.S.C. § 2255(a). The prisoner is entitled to a hearing "[u]nless the motion and the
16 files and records of the case conclusively show that the prisoner is entitled to no relief."
17 *Id.* § 2255(b).

18 **A. Sentencing Calculations**

19 Defendant claims this court erred at sentencing by adding two criminal history points under
20 U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(d) and by rejecting his request for safety-valve relief. But these same issues were
21 already raised and disposed of on direct appeal in *United States v. Franco-Flores*, 558 F.3d 978
22 (9th Cir. 2009). "When a defendant has raised a claim and has been given a full and fair
23 opportunity to litigate it on direct appeal, that claim may not be used as a basis for a subsequent
24 § 2255 petition. *United States v. Hayes*, 231 F.3d 1132, 1139 (9th Cir. 2000). Defendant's motion
25 will therefore be denied as to Ground 3.

1 Defendant claims his counsel's representation was deficient in several respects, including:
2 (1) counsel failed to inform him that "by pleading guilty he was giving up (waived) many of his
3 rights"; (2) he was dissatisfied with counsel; (3) counsel "forced him to plead Guilty" when he was
4 not ready to do so and did not understand the consequences of the plea; (4) counsel failed to inform
5 him that he "could face [a] lot of time in prison" by pleading guilty and "was never informed that
6 he could face a tough sentence," leaving him "not properly and adequately informed of the true
7 risks of accepting the government's proposed plea offer"; (6) counsel failed to investigate and
8 present witnesses; and (7) counsel failed to advise him of the risks and benefits of testifying and
9 that the decision was entirely his.

10 The court finds Defendant's allegations unsupported by any evidence and belied by the
11 record. At the change-of-plea hearing on October 9, 2007, Defendant acknowledged under oath
12 during the court's canvas: (1) he understood "that by pleading guilty to these two charges that [he
13 would] be giving up many important legal rights," which were then specifically listed by the court
14 and acknowledged by the Defendant; (2) counsel "fully informed [him] concerning the charges
15 against [him], the government's case against [him], and the proposed guilty pleas to the two
16 charges in question," counsel had "been able to fully answer all of the questions [he] may have
17 had," and he was "fully satisfied with [counsel's] representation of [him]"; (3) no one had
18 "threatened [him] in order to get [him] to enter a plea of guilty" or was "forcing [him] in any way
19 to enter a plea of guilty," and he "freely and voluntarily enter[ed] into that agreement with the
20 government"; and (4) with respect to the drug charge, he understood "that it is possible that the
21 Court could send [him] to prison for a term as long as life in prison," that "the law requires that
22 [he] serve a minimum of ten years in prison," that "the safety valve, even if it's available to [him] is
23 still completely up to the Court whether to give [him] the benefit of it or not" and "it is quite
24 possible that the Court would give [him] a mandatory minimum sentence of no less than ten years
25 for the [drug] offense to which [he was] charged," and that "regardless of what [his] plea agreement
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1 provides and what the attorneys argue, request, or recommend, that it is completely up to the Court
2 to decide what sentence [he] will receive.” As to Defendant’s allegations regarding counsel’s
3 failure to investigate, present witnesses and advise him of the risks and benefits of testifying,
4 Defendant presents no evidence to support such conclusory allegations.

5 Moreover, even if the performance of counsel were somehow deficient, Defendant has
6 failed to show prejudice, as he makes no argument that the result of the proceedings would have
7 been different absent the alleged errors.

8 Defendant’s motion will therefore be denied as to Grounds 1 and 2.

9 **III. Request for Records**

10 After filing his § 2255 motion, Defendant also filed a request under the Freedom of
11 Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552a(d)(1), for disclosure of all records related to the above captioned
12 case and a copy of the transcripts (#57). The Freedom of Information Act is inapplicable here,
13 however, as the courts of the United States are not an “agency” subject to the Act. *See* 5 U.S.C.
14 § 551(1)(B). To the extent Defendant’s motion may be construed instead as a request for case
15 materials to assist in prosecuting his § 2255 motion, the request shall be denied as moot.

16 IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Defendant’s motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 to vacate,
17 set aside, or correct his sentence (#52) is DENIED.

18 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant’s request for disclosure of records and
19 transcripts (#57) is DENIED.

20 IT IS SO ORDERED.

21 DATED this 19th day of December, 2011.



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24 LARRY R. HICKS
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE